

The World We Want

A conversation with people on a post-2015 development framework

Context

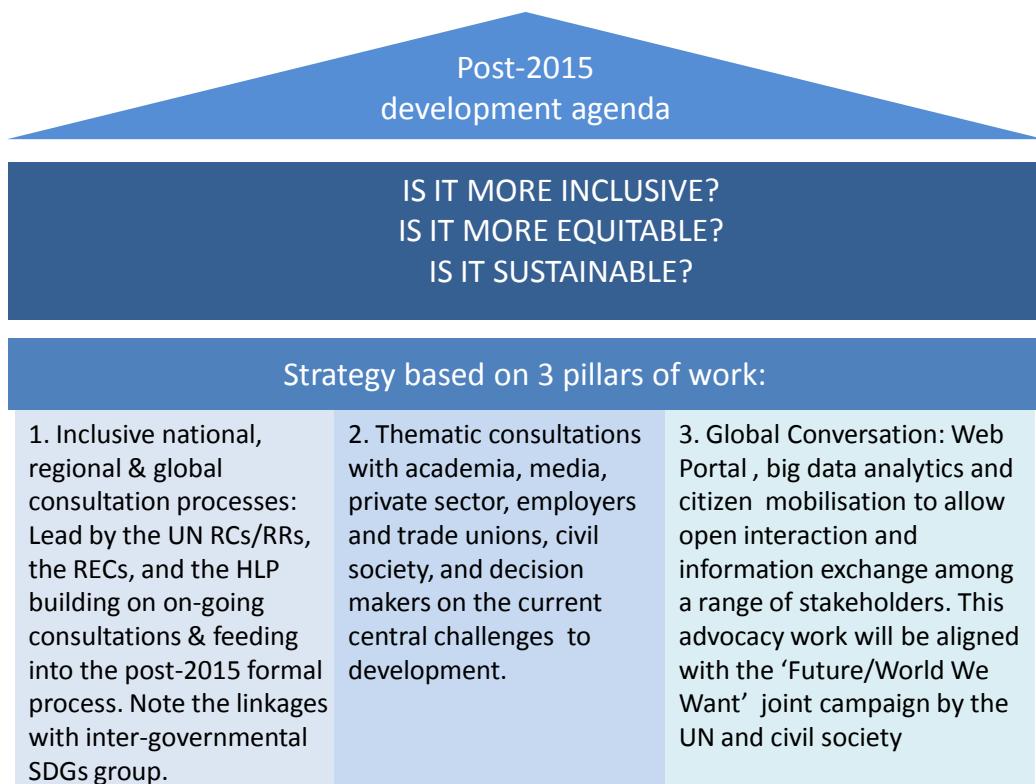
In the years up to 2015 and as agreed at the 2010 Summit, the world needs to remain focused on securing as much progress as possible on the current set of Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). As this deadline draws closer, foundations and processes are already being put into place to develop a more ambitious but realistic successor to the MDGs.

Process and engagement entry points

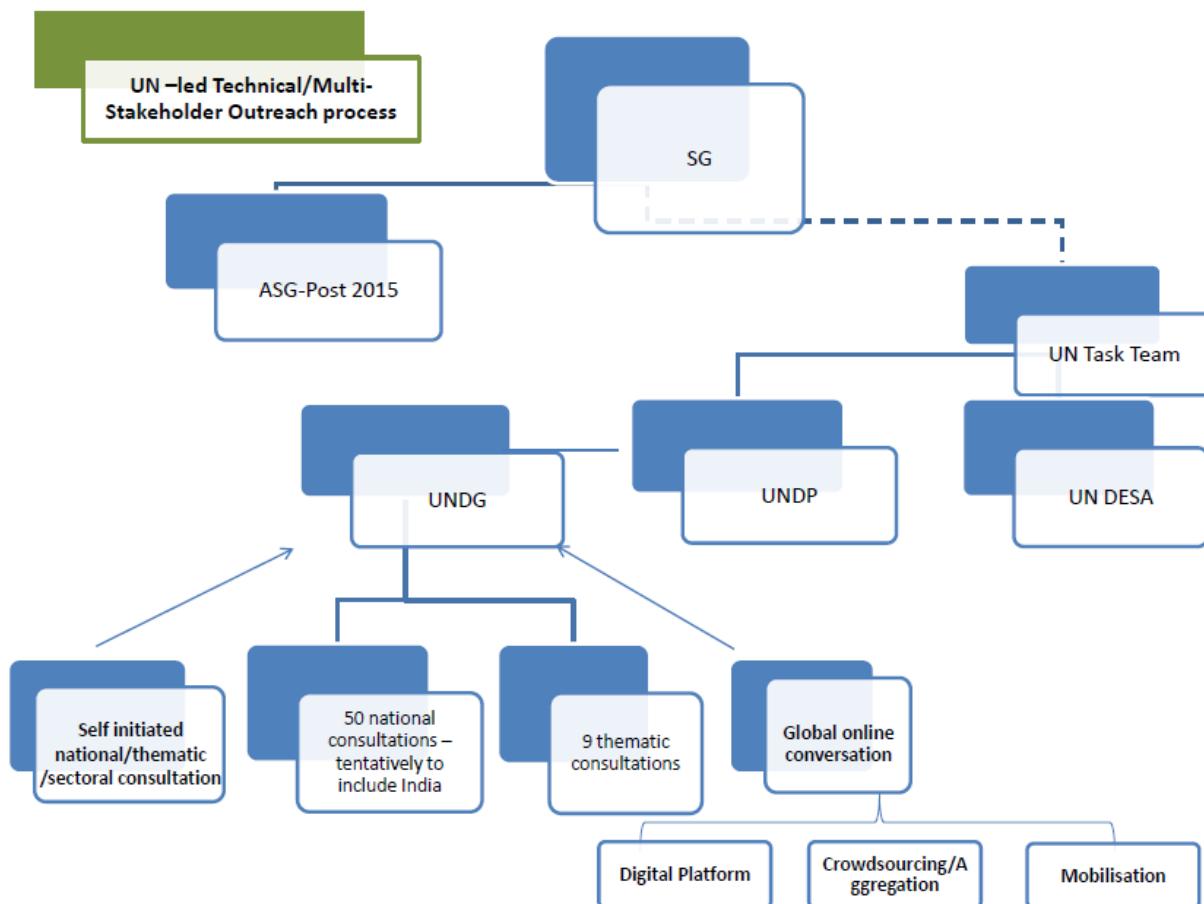
The UN Secretary General has recently established a High Level Panel of Eminent Persons for Post 2015 and appointed a Special Adviser on post 2015 Development Planning. In addition, the UN Development Group has also begun a process which aims to achieve open and inclusive consultations with multiple stakeholders as recommended by the Secretary General. This involves embarking on a global conversation with citizens, the conduct of national consultations with varied groups in at least 50 countries, and thematic consultations focused on central challenges to the development Post 2015.

These efforts will be informed by sustained and strategic outreach and consultations with stakeholders to ensure that citizens and their perspectives are effectively and meaningfully considered, integrated and feedback provided. Consultations are currently ongoing about the exact nature and platform for engagement and involvement of civil society.

These multiple processes aim to ensure that the development framework post-2015 will be borne out of outreach, discussions and consultations geared at capturing the voices, ideas and suggestions of ordinary citizens, different interest and marginalized groups.



Global Conversation:



Amongst other things the strategic approach to the **outreach, mobilization and engagement** focuses on:

- An open interaction and information exchange between stakeholders and harnessing the voices of citizens around the world and connect them to the formal UN post-2015 by using social media tools and web based technologies.
- The process aims to take advantage of the proliferation of on-and offline social accountability approaches including social networks and web-based tools, and the rapid diffusion of mobile technologies to launch a global interactive outreach campaign.
- This component is led by a small group of UN entities including the Millennium Campaign (MC), the Global Compact (GC), UN Department of Public Information (DPI), United Nations Non-Governmental Liaison Service (NGLS) in coordination with civil society, private sector and the CSO focal points and communications teams of UNDG agencies.
- A web platform has been designed with non-UN partners (technology companies, civil society) and will be launched the day of the first meeting of the HLP (a soft launch has been already done: <http://www.worldwewant2015.org/>). It will complement the face-to-face consultation processes as well as the formal UN communications website.

Thematic Consultations:

Thematic consultations with academia, media, private sector, employers and trade unions, civil society, and decision makers to discuss key issues pertaining to the post-2015 development agenda. A list of nine thematic consultations was identified (initially 8 plus a consultation on food and nutrition security, which was added on request of the UNDG MDG Task Force).

The first thematic consultation, on growth and employment, was successfully held in Tokyo, Japan, mid-May. UNDP co-led the organisation of this meeting with ILO, with contributions from UNCTAD.

Others thematic consultations have already started and launched call for papers and e-discussions.

THEMES	NOTES	CO-LEADERS	CONTRIBUTORS	Host Government
Inequalities	Across all dimensions, including gender	UNICEF and UN Women	OHCHR, UNDP, UNDESA, and MDGF	Denmark
Health	Including issues covered by current MDGs 4, 5 and 6, plus also NCDs	UNICEF, WHO and UNAIDS	OHCHR and UNDP	Sweden TBC
Education	Primary, secondary, tertiary and vocational;	UNESCO and UNICEF		Canada
Growth and employment	Including investment in productive capacities, decent work, and social protection	ILO and UNDP	UNCTAD and MDGF	Japan
Environmental sustainability	Including access to energy, biodiversity, climate change	UNEP and UNDP	UNDP, UNESCO, UNDESA and MDGF	France TBC
Governance	Governance and accountability at all levels: global, national and sub-national	UNDP and OHCHR	UNICEF, UN Women, UNMC, UNDESA and MDGF	Germany
Conflict and fragility	Conflict and post-conflict countries, and those prone to natural disasters	UNDP, PBSO and ISDR	UNICEF and UNDESA	Finland
Population dynamics	Including ageing, International and internal migration, and urbanization	UNFPA and UNHABITAT	UNDESA, IOM	
Hunger, Food and nutrition security		WFP and FAO	UNDP, UNICEF, UNDESA, and the HLTF	Spain

National dialogues:

Inclusive consultations will be facilitated in at least 50 countries. Thus the following list does not preclude support to other countries.

Africa (S, E & W)	Asia & Pacific	Latin America & Caribbean ⁴	Arab States ⁵	Eastern Europe & CIS
Angola Burkina Faso CAR DRC Ethiopia Ghana Kenya Mali Malawi Mauritius Mozambique Niger Nigeria Senegal South Africa Tanzania Togo Uganda Zambia	Bangladesh China India Indonesia Laos PDR Pakistan PNG Solomon Islands Timor-Leste Vietnam	Brazil Costa Rica Colombia Peru Guatemala Bolivia El Salvador Honduras Santa Lucia <i>4 Nicaragua, Ecuador and Chile are proposed as alternates</i>	Djibouti Egypt Jordan Morocco Sudan Algeria <i>5 Lebanon and Yemen are proposed as alternates</i>	Armenia Kazakhstan Moldova Tajikistan Turkey Serbia

All consultations aim to be accelerated in October 2012 and conclude by March 31, and will feed into the High Level Panel's report. Input from each session will be submitted to the Panel after each consultation.

Civil society, in partnership with the UN, has prepared a toolkit to help stakeholders at the national level effectively and meaningfully accompany and engage with the process <http://www.beyond2015.org/sites/default/files/B2015%20Toolkit.pdf>.

A guidance note on inclusive and participatory consultations has been developed based on previous experiences by UNDG agencies and civil society: <http://www.undg.org/index.cfm?P=1627>.